

## Symmetry Map

## Visualization/ Mental Rotation

Demonstrating ability to move further away

from line: e.g.. stacking shapes out/free

floating shapes

Demonstrating ability of cutting shapes in mind/flip/rotate/ make predictions based on images in your head "what do you see?"

shapes to compose bigger

shape (1 trapezoid=3 green

triangles) The bigger shape

outline doesn't matter if you

use 3 triangles or 1 trapezoid

Understanding the differences

between quantity of shapes

and bigger shape (When

looking at outline of big shape:

1 hexagon + square could

be=6 green triangles + Square

Demonstrate a flexibility in

shapes used: Patterning blocks

(simple shapes) vs. Pentominoes (complex)

Understand that not all triangles

are the same: Angles help

identify/cutting in 1/2

Flexibility in quantity of shapes: single shape placement vs. multiple shapes at a time (Quantity vs. composing/decomposing) visual discrimination

seeing 1/2 design and identifying/visualizing what shapes will be needed Being able to substitute some

Understanding that cutting a shape in half there re 2 identical shapes that can be put together to make the bigger shape.

Make prediction by only

Fitting shapes together vs. single shapes along line (Students could discriminate between whole image/individual shapes: Composing/ decomposing) square + Triangle="I see a house"

Recognize/Identify basic shapes - triangles/squares/ circles/rectangles/ovals (have a vocabulary to discuss)

Identifying the difference between colour +shape in symmetry (3 green triangles=a trapezoid) composing/decomposing

Identifying mistakes in other's

symmetry

Using properties of shape as landmarks/guides for reflecting "the long side of the trapezoid needs to face the line" or "flat side of triangle needs to touch the line and make an L" (perpendicular)

Recognize/identify differences in - orientation - size of shapes (big square vs. small square; square vs. diamond) "How does orientation affect line of symmetry?"

210 Shapes:

Understanding of equal: what happens to one side of line must happen to other side.

Identify multiple lines of symmetry in

shapes

"you can fold squares many times to

make half"

"Why do some shapes have more then

one line?/how can this help us identify

shapes?"

Understanding

perspective=change the

orientation of line of

symmetry: I - / +

predictions of location using

Use/Write directions/multi-step

instructions

- using symbols (arrows)

- gestures

- words

Identify/use

language:

over/under

beside

on top/below

inside/out

upside down

visualization skills/counting

squares etc.

to justify distance Understand and hold multi-step Determine location of instructions in head and make

Understand the property

of equidistance: Using

squares on graph paper

object based on set of directions

Identify/use language: (Directionality) - left/right - backwards/forwards - turn

- up/down

- slide

Spatial Language